

LA DERIVADA

$\forall u = f(x), \forall v = g(x), \forall c, e, n \in \mathbb{R}, a \in \mathbb{R}^+ - \{1\}, e = 2.7182818284 5904523536 0287471352 \dots$

$$1. \frac{d}{dx}(c) = 0$$

$$2. \frac{d}{dx}(x) = 1$$

$$3. \frac{d}{dx}(cu) = c \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

$$4. \frac{d}{dx}(u \pm v) = \frac{d}{dx}(u) \pm \frac{d}{dx}(v)$$

$$5. \frac{d}{dx}(uv) = u \frac{d}{dx}(v) + v \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

$$6. \frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{u}{v}\right) = \frac{v \frac{d}{dx}(u) - u \frac{d}{dx}(v)}{v^2}$$

$$7. \frac{d}{dx}(u^n) = nu^{n-1} \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

$$8. \frac{d}{dx}(u^v) = vu^{v-1} \frac{d}{dx}(u) + u^v \ln(u) \frac{d}{dx}(v)$$

$$9. \frac{d}{dx}(a^u) = a^u \ln(a) \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

$$10. \frac{d}{dx}(e^u) = e^u \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

$$11. \frac{d}{dx}(|u|) = \frac{u}{|u|} \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

$$12. \frac{d}{dx}(\log_a(u)) = \frac{1}{u \ln(a)} \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

$$13. \frac{d}{dx}(\ln(u)) = \frac{1}{u} \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

$$14. \frac{d}{dx} \cos(u) = -\operatorname{sen}(u) \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

$$15. \frac{d}{dx} \tan(u) = \sec^2(u) \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

$$16. \frac{d}{dx} \cot(u) = -\operatorname{csc}^2(u) \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

$$17. \frac{d}{dx} \sec(u) = \sec(u) \tan(u) \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

$$18. \frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{csc}(u) = -\operatorname{csc}(u) \cot(u) \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

$$19. \frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{arcsen}(u) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-u^2}} \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

$$20. \frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{arccos}(u) = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1-u^2}} \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

$$21. \frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{arctan}(u) = \frac{1}{1+u^2} \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

$$22. \frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{arccot}(u) = \frac{-1}{1+u^2} \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

$$23. \frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{arcsec}(u) = \frac{1}{u \sqrt{u^2-1}} \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

$$24. \frac{d}{dx} \operatorname{arccsc}(u) = \frac{-1}{u \sqrt{u^2-1}} \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

Regla de la Cadena

$$\frac{d}{dx}(y) = \frac{d}{du}(y) \frac{d}{dx}(u)$$

Definición de Derivada de una Función

$$\frac{d}{dx}(y) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}$$

Notaciones de la Derivada

$$\frac{d}{dx}(y) = \frac{d}{dx}f(x) = y' = f'(x) = D_x y$$